READS LIKE A NOVEL

Strange Career of Rev. George Frederick Burgoyne Howard.

Either the Craftiest of Criminals or Victim of Mistaken Identity and Remarkable Coincidences.

> ALLEGED MISDOINGS

On Trial for Gulling People Who Wanted Mythical Millions.

Operated in London as "William Lord Moore" and in New York as "E. Ross" -Also a Railway Promoter.

is sometimes stranger than flotion has been fully exemplified in the case of Rev. George Frederick Burgoyne Howard, alias William Lord Moore and a host of other names, who is now on trial here charged with swindling many persons through the bogus claims business. The fiction of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde becomes a simple matter of fact when compared with the life led by Howard, if all the stories told of the latter be true. The case has been on trial here for about two weeks, and the end is not in sight. Robert T. Lincoln, ex-minister to Great Britain; Hon. John C. New, ex-consul general to London, and other well-known men have testified against the prisoner, and the government has yet several important witnesses to place on the

stand. tim of the most remarkable and unfortunate chain of coincidences connecting him with the identity of other people of any character known in fiction or real life. In his famous suit for \$50,000 damages, tried here in 1889, the leading question at issue hinged on his identity, as to whether his name was George Frederick Burgoyne Howard or Frederick Attryde Howlett. To settle this question weeks were spent in London securing depositions by both sides, marriage records and birth records were searched and evidence introduced from Calcutta. The defense proved by witnesses that Fred Hoylett had been born about the same time that insurance policies and other records showed that Fred Howard was born, and that the parents of both had been married about the same time, had the same number of children, the mothers of both "Freds" were dead, both boys had lived in Edmonston, both had gone to sea in early life and both had turned up in America.

Howard had also told of a voyage to the Arctic regions in search of the Polaris and the records of the United States steamer Tigris showed that Fred Howlett's name appeared on the list of the midshipmen who went on that expedition. Howard denied everything connecting him with Fred Howlett and had depositions to that effect until he came to the records of the Tigris. His story on the witness stand was that he met Fred Howlett in New York, that the latter was enlisted to go on the Arctic expedition, but at the last moment did not want to go, and that deponent took his place, his name, age, etc., in order not to change or interfere with the lists and examination when the vessel was on the point of sailing. He admitted having used the name afterward in South Carolina and in Georgia, where he met Judge Lumpkin, and also of having taken out license to practice law in Georgia as Fred Howlett. He did not make altogether clear, either, why he used Fred Howlett's age and gave the same age of his father as Howlett's father on an insurance policy taken out after coming to Jackson, but the jury decided that he ought to have 1 cent damages for his trouble

being so mixed up with Fred Howlett. AS WILLIAM LORD MOORE. His friends hoped that after this he would be able to steer clear of any more such entangling aliases and remain simply G. F. B. Howard. But in this, it seems they were doomed to disappointment; and the government in the present trial have succeeded in mixing him up with William Lord Moore, E. Ross and other personages in as inextricable a tangle as he ever was

with Fred Howlett. Howard left there in 1890, and it was later understood that he was practicing law in New York very successfully. E. Ross, along about the same time, was conducting a very successful European claims agency swindle in New York which, some time afterward. grew so notorious that the Postoffice Department stopped Ross's mail and detectlves were put on his track. Ross disappeared, and subsequently through one Wilfam Lord Moore, of London, England, his numerous clients, who had paid him money in the hope of getting vast English estates were told that Ross was dead, but that he could get them their estates if they would advance him an amount sufficient to cover expenses. William Lord Moore began to do "land office business" at 5 Ingersoll road, Shepperd Bush, London, on the credulity of the gullible Americans who wanted big fortunes left them in England. Not getting their fortunes as speedily as they supposed they should they sent scores of letters making complaint to the American legation and to prominent men like Mr. Gladstone. R. T. Lincoln, minister to England, had an investigation made and a written agreement was obtained by detective Froest, of Scotland Yard, and Mr. Hobson, of the American legation, from William Lord Moore to quit the "business," which he did. The scene shifts, and a few months later Joseph Leger turns up in the European claims business in New York and is corresponding with the same people who had been duped by E. Ross and William Lord Moore. He had gone a step further than his predecessor, and when he obtained "expense" money from them sent them a de-cree with a big red seal of the "Supreme Court of Chancery," signed by one "De Laugne, Chancellor." About the time Mr. Leger began to receive money rather freely the Postoffice Department stopped his mail and Mr. Leger went off to a watering place. This was in the summer of 1892, and Mr. Leger effectually disappeared. In the early fall of 1892 Dr. Howard re-

turned to Jackson, having been making his nome in the two preceding years in New York and London. He made political speeches until after the election in November. He then began to work up an interest in the Gulf & Tennessee railroad. He claimed that he could interest English capital in building the line if Jackson would agree to issue bonds for terminal facilities, Having received encouragement, he left here last winter for London, and after an absence of about two months returned heralded as the president of the Gulf & Pennessee railroad, with H. H. Ball, of London, as secretary. Dr. Howard rented an office, and in a short time had several

About this time the clients of Ross, Moore and Leger received anonymous postal cards from Jackson informing them that they would learn something to their interest by corresponding with the president of the Gulf & Tennessee railroad. Many of them did write, and soon Howard's clerks were busy sending out correspondence on the stationery of the Gulf & Tennessee railroad, informing them that the president, G. T. B. Howard, had incidentally learned while in England that they were entitled to estates. This led to more correspondence and

pense money in making the investigation. Things were running smoothly and the ney was flowing in at a lively clip, when Howard left for a visit to the world's fair in July. On Aug. 4 Postoffice Inspector Little and Deputy United States Marshal Collier broke into Howard's office in this city and took a large volume of papers, correspondence of his clientele with Moore, Ross, etc. Howard was arrested in Chi-cago on a telegram from Mr. Little, but succeeded in "confidencing" the officers, and under promise of seeing him the next morning was left alone, and left that night, going to Canada. He returned here in a few weeks, however, and was put under ar-

STRANGE COINCIDENCES. Now, the strange part of the whole claims agency business is the peculiar coincidences connecting Howard with the business and men who have engaged in it, though he claims to be entirely innocent. Witnesses have identified Howard as the man who rented an office in New York and feceived mail as E. Ross. The letters sent out by Ross to his "clients" have been recognized as in the handwriting of Howard. After the "death" of Ross, and William Lord Moore begins business in London, we find Howard, according to his own admission, and his witness, stopping at 5 Ingersoll road, Shepperd's Bush, London. Here also another remarkable circumstance took place. When Detective Freest and Mr. Hobson, at the suggestion of Minister Rob-

ert T. Lincoln, went to see William Lord Moore they met a gentleman who gave them a written statement that he would JACKSON, Tenn., Dec. 15.—That truth as that man and the handwriting of the agreement has been identified as Howard's. Then, again, after William Lord Moore had shut up shop in London, in February, 1892, the strange fatality of coincidences did not desert Howard. Joseph Leger opened the claims business in New York in 1892 with his big seal of "Supreme Court of Chancery," and here he and Howard got mixed up in renting the same office and doing the same business at the same place Then after Leger had to seek a watering place to keep out of the way of the detec-tives. Howard arrived in Jackson in the fall of 1892. Here he had a brief rest from "coincidences" until after he had become president of the Gulf & Tennessee railroad, when anonymous cards began to go out from the Jackson office to the old clients of Ross, Leger and Moore informing them that they could learn something to their interest by corresponding with the president of the Gulf & Tennessee railroad. One of these postals introduced in testimony even gave the postoffice box of the lady in Illi nois to whom it was addressed. President Howard was doing nearly as remunerative Rev. George Frederick Burgoyne Howard | a "claims" business as any of his predecesis either one of the sleekest artists who sors at the time his office was entered by Postoffice Inspector Little on Aug. 3, and when he was arrested and made his escape from Chicago. Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde seem never to have had a more striking illustration than Dr. Howard has had to battle

against his evil star coincidence. In court yesterday J. F. Buchanan, a New York letter carrier, identified the defendant as E. Ross, and stated that he often delivered mail to E. Ross addressed to William Lord Moore, care of E. Ross, and Joseph Leger, care of Ross. Charles Hobson, messenger of the American legation, London, was then called. His testimony created quite a sensation. He stated that he came here at the instance of T. F. Bayard, the embassador of the United States at London. A letter from Mr. Bayard to Secretary of State Walter Q. Gresham was handed to the court by Mr. Hobson, witness stating that It was given him to hand to Mr. Gresham, but as he came direct to Jackson from New York he had no opportunity to deliver it. Judge Hammond immediately telegraphed Mr. Gresham for authority to open the letter, which he soon received instructions to do. The contents of the letter were very complimentary to the witness, stating that he was the chief clerk of the American legation and a man worthy the confidence of all men and his

office one of trust and responsibility. MESSENGER HOBSON'S STORY. Hobson was asked if he was acquainted with Robert T. Lincoln; said he was under him four years while he was minister to England; said Mr. Lincoln selected him to investigate the transaction of one William Lord Moore. Witness said he, in company with Inspector Froest, of the great Scotland Yard, on Feb. 2, 1892, went to No. 5 Ingersoll Road, Shepperd Bush. Mr. Froest knocked at the door and a servant girl, about eighteen years of age, responded. 'Does Mr. Moore live here," Mr. Froest asked. "Yes," was her reply. Frost pushed by her and they entered the hall. The defendant was coming down the steps the witness entered. Who are he asked. "I am an inspectof police," said Mr. 'Who are you?" "My name is Howard, was the reply. "Isn't your name William Lord Moore?" Froest asked him. He denied it first, but when the witness pulled out one of the letters received by the embassy from Moore's American victims and showed it to him he then acknowledged that his name was Moore, and said he wrote that letter. Witness said the defendant went into a room and put in writing an agreement to quit this business. Witness was then handed the agreement, which he recognized as the original agree ment he saw the defendant sign. Inspector Terrill, another member of the great Scotland Yard detective force, Lon-don, arrived here Monday and was called to the stand. He testified that he knew the

defendant in London as William Lord Moore. The document signed by Moore in London was shown in court. It was dated No. 5, Ingersoll Road, Shepperd Bush, London, Feb. 2, 1892," and read as follows: "I, the undersigned, do hereby guarantee that any and all business carried on or that may have been carried on at the above address by or through the name of William Lord Moore shall from this day cease, and agree that all letters addressed to William Lord Moore shall be refused delivery or acceptance.'

Another "victim" from Arkansas who had sent money to Howard and the other names, testified and the letters were identifled as in Howard's handwriting. The government is piling up evidence, and it looks as if there is no loophole of escape for the versattle D. D. of various aliases. To-day Frederick Brown, of London, tes tified that he had been employed by Felix Howard to write letters from dictation, and that he signed the name of William Lord Moore, under instructions. He fully recognized the defendant as the man for whom he worked. He also identified a number of letters sent to various persons in the United States. It is thought the defense will consume quite as much time as the government has, as it will introduce a number of witnesses that were not in the first trial It is said that the defendant will introduce proof that will cause a great sensation.

SPEAKS FOR SATOLLI.

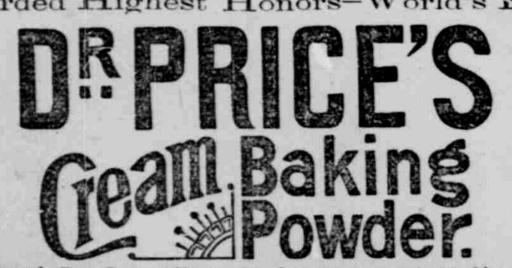
Rev. Father Lavelle Replies to the At-

tack of Bishop Cleveland Coxe. NEW YORK, Dec. 15 .- The Herald to-day gives a reply to Bishop Cox's third letter to Apostolic Delegate Satolli, made by the Rev. Father Lavelle, of St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Cathedral, "It is often necessary to reply to them," said rector Lavelle, "in order to print an absolute denial of the charges made by the Bishop. He deals more in abstractions than in facts. Once in a while, as in this instance, we get from him what may be called an approach to specific charges, and then it seems worth the trouble of analyzing or contradicting his misty statements." that the Delegate accepted the defeated Sheehan faction in Buffalo, its causes and its methods, as his own?"

'I suppose the most determined and bitter of Mr. Sheehan's political opponents would hardly have brought against him a charge so absurd. Mgr. Satolli has more important work as the Pope's representative than that of making political alliances. Representing the pious and sagacious Pope, the Delegate is not here to make alliances with political parties, but to show Pope Leo's good will to the entire American people."
As to the charge that the delegate has joined the faction which desires to destroy the public schools, Father Lavelle indig-nantly denies that Mgr. Satolli has any

such purpose To head off the grip use "Old Process" whisky. Sold only by druggists.

Awarded Highest Honors-World's Fair.



The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.-No Ammonia; No Aium. Used in Millions of Homes-40 Years the Standard

ANOTHER NEW STATE

Democrats Determined to Admit All the Territories but One.

First Degree in the Order of American Sisterhood Conferred on Arid Arizona and Its Handful of People.

NEW MEXICO DULY ELECTED

And to Be Initiated by the House as Quickly as Possible,

While Oklahoma Is to Be Blackballed or Tacked on to Indian Territory Because It Would Be Republican.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15 .- The course of events in the House to-day resembled the halcyon days of the Reed Congress, when legislation was rushed through at a galloping speed. The bill for the admission of Arizona was put through under whip and spur, and the bill for the admission of New Mexico was well under way when a wrangle over what was to be done with Oklahoma intervened, and the debate thus precipitated lasted until adjournment. The bulk of the Eastern opposition to the admission of these Territories, as expressed by Mr. Bingham, of Philadelphia, was predicated on the theory that while the Eastern States, rich in wealth and strong in poulation, would be able to hold their own in the House, where the basis of representation was population, the influence of the great States of the Union would be overbalanced by the greatly increased State representation in

The McGarrahan claim, which came up again in the morning hour, was filibustered against, and the morning hour expired without action, thus sending the bill to the foot of the calendar. In the course of Mr. Pendleton's speech on this subject the fact was developed that a special order for the consideration of this claim will be asked

Mr. Outhwaite rose to a question of personal privilege and made to the House the explanation previously sent out, regarding the publication of a railway map in one of the public documents of the military

General Wheeler moved to go into committee of the whole on the Arizona statehood bill. The Republicans continued their filibustering tactics, and the year and nays were demanded. As on yesterday, the Republicans, except a few from the West, refused to vote, in order, if possible, to break a quorum. They were unsuccessful. however, as the motion was carried by a vote of 182 to 5.

An amendment proposed by Mr. Baker, reducing the percentage of the proceeds of the sale of public lands to be set aside as a permanent fund for common school purposes from 10 to 5, making it, in this respect, conform to the Utah bill, was adopted without objection.

Mr. Hepburn, in an impassioned speech,

precipitated a very lively discussion of the merits of the bill. He said the House ought to stop and consider what it proposed to do when it passed this bill. It proposed to give Arizona four sections in every range. or one-ninth of the total area of the State, seventy-three thousand acres. In addition, it gave a part of the sale of the proceeds of one-tenta of the lands, besides several other grants of 100,000 acres. Mr. Smith, the Arizona Delegate, interrupted to declare that Arizona would get by this bill just what Iowa got.

NOTHING GREEN IN ARIZONA. This Mr. Hepburn denied, Iowa, he said, had two million inhabitants. To a suggestion that people would leave Iowa to go to Arizona, Mr. Hepburn simply moved his hand contemptuously. "The idea that people would go from Iowa out to that arid country is preposterous," said he. "I went out there once, and I never saw a green thingunless," he added, "it wore breeches." Mr. Powers, in reply, drew a graphic picture of the valleys of the Arizona, more fertile, he declared, than the plains of the Nile. In five years, he predicted, the pop-

ulation in Arizona would be increased over Mr. Cockrell, of Texas, said he was sorry that the question of politics had been raised in connection with this bill. Instead of desiring to cut down the land grants in the bill he would be glad to see all the government territory in Arizona turned over to the State for irrigation purposes.

Very few amendments were adopted. One increasing the grant of lands for State institutions as follows: "One hurdred thousand acres each for an insane asylum. penitentiary and deaf and dumb asylum, and 50,000 acres for a hospital for disabled miners." was adopted; also one striking out the scale of fees for the Court of Claims and making them conform to existing law. Motions to consolidate the judicial district of Utah and Arizona and to reduce the salary of the federal judge was defeated. The Republicans generally did not refrain from voting on the final passage of the bill, although many of them voted against it. The motion was carried, 185 to 61, and the bill for the admission of

Arizona was passed. As soon as the vote was announced General Wheeler moved that the House go into mittee of the whole on the bill for the admission of New Mexico. The Republicans made no attempt to fillbuster against the motion, which was carried without di-

General Wheeler asked to dispense with the reading of the bill. Mr. Loud suggested that there ought to be at least a show of decency in admitting States to the federal Union, and he, therefore, objected The debate that followed took a wide range General Bingham made a vigorous speech in opposition to the policy of bringing these Territories into the Union. Mr. Pence, of Colorado, in reply, said he deprecated the fact that the silver question had been dragged into this discussion by Mr. Harter, and that politics had been brought into it by Mr. Hepburn. He should vote for the bill as he has voted for the bills for the admission of Utah and Arizona. He felt in honor bound to do so. On the Republican side of the House, he said, he found a disposition to admit Utah, Arizona and New Mexico, if there was any guarane that Oklahoma, which was a Republican Perritory, would also come into the Union. There had been some hesitation about Oklahoma. He called upon General Wheeler, the chairman of the territorial committee, say whether a bill for the admission of General Wheeler stated that the difficulties in the way of the admission of Oklahoma are the five civilized Indian tribes, whose treaties with us give them power to

Oklahoma would be reported. prevent the admission of that Territory. He said that the President would probably send a commissioner to treat with the Indians. Mr. Reed sarcastically inquired whether the commissioner would be paramount. Mr. Wilson, of Washington, wanted to know whether it was not a fact that it was the ultimate purpose of the Democrats to bring Oklahoma and the Indian Territory into the Union together. Mr. Wheeler evaded this last question and Mr. Wilson declared, in a shrill voice, that that was the Democratic scheme. From that time until adjournment the debate touched more on the question of what was to be done with Oklahoma than the admission of New Mexico. It was participated in by Messrs. Hatch, Simpson, Dunn, Springer, Washington and Clark, of Missouri. At the con-

rose and the House, at 5:20, adjourned. POLYGAMY NOT DEAD.

clusion of Mr. Clark's speech the committee

What Members of the Ladies' Home Missionary Society Say About Utah. WASHINGTON, Dec. 15 .- The bill for the admission of Utah will probably be opposed in the Senate by its old antagonist, the Ladies' Home Missionary Society, which is seeking an opportunity to be heard by the Senate committee on Territories. The members of this society take exception to the statements which have been made very freely by the dvocates of the bill that polygamy is dead in Utah, and say that, on the contrary, they have positive information that the contrary is the case. They obtain this information from missionaries scattered through that Territory. The in-

is not carried on as openly as formerly, but asert that in the places remote from the towns and centers of habitation there is little or no abatement in the custom. They also say that in the towns and cities there is a covert observation of the old doctrine, and that everywhere among the Mormon people the feeling in favor of polygamy is just as strong as in the palmiest days of the Mormon Church, and that if this feeling is suppressed at all, it is done because of the fear of the federal authorities. The ladles argue that if the Territory should be admitted as a State, and its authority removed, the Mormons would control the State organization and it would be a short time only before polygamy would again be openly taught and practiced as one of the tenets of the Mormon people. The society embraces a large membership in the Pres-byterian, Congregational and Methodist

FRENZEL WAS NOT THERE.

And the School Board Meeting Passed Off Quietly.

night, was short and unattended with sencent. of attendance, 93.2; suspensions for misconduct, 35; for absence, 7; corporal punishment, 12 cases, as against 49 last year. Treasurer Adam's report for November library, \$4,116.61; special, \$26,401.47; Gregg, \$5,913.55; tuition, \$11,037.83; Hbrary, \$619.80; total balance in treasury, \$74,634.18. The secretary reported expenditures for November: Special fund, \$5,517.37; library building, \$3,857.75; tuition, \$40,167.48; library, \$4,955.99; manual school, \$1,138.49; total expenses, \$55,-

A fourth installment of the temporary loan of \$20,000 was ordered. Miss Belle Ferguson, Rosie A. Howe and Nellie Shark were appointed teachers sub-ject to assignment by the superintendent. The library committee asked for an additional \$1,000 to pay the expenses of keep-ing the library open until 10 o'clock at night. This was granted and the board ad-

HERE'S A QUEER TALE

Weird Story Told to the Detectives by Dr. Barker.

Caught on the Circle by a Strange Captor Who Took Him to His Room to Kill Him.

About 7:30 o'clock last night a front window of an apartment at No. 441/2 West Washington street was hurriedly raised. Instantly a man's head protruded over the ledge and the owner frantically cried: "Help!" Thieves! Robbers! Murder!" As quickly the head was drawn back and the window was lowered. Investigation revealed the fact that the urgent appeal for assistance had been made by Dr. A. B. Barker, who occupies an office on the second floor of the building. The attention of detectives Splann and Kinney was attracted to the crowd below, and the officers proceeded to look into the startling affair. The Doctor was found uneasily pacing the floor of his office, and related a peculiar story to the detectives. Between 6 and 7 o'clock last night he was walking on the circle with a lady. His conversation was suddenly interrupted by the appearance of a heavy-set man, who grasped him by the shoulder with the gruff remark: "I want you." The Doctor requested an explanation from the abrupt gentleman, but was unable to secure 'I want you to come with me," exclaimed his captor, and, despite the angry protestations of the physician, he was dragged toward Washington street. At the corner of Washington and Meridian streets he asked the privilege of secering his overcoat, and the big man volunteered to accompany him locked the door. Then he informed the Doctor that he had violated his fraternal

Inside the apartment the latter closed and obligations and must suffer. The strange captor was probably preparing to put into execution a dire threat when the physician ram to the window and uttered the startling cries. As he raised the window his unwelcome guest fled from the room. The detectives are somewhat mystifled over the Doctor's explanation.

TO PAY PREMIUMS.

Board of Agriculture Sells \$12,000 of the Morton Place Bonds.

Secretary Kennedy reports that the Board of Agriculture has sold \$12,000 worth of the Morton Place bonds and that Treasurer Wildman has arranged to proceed with the payment of the indebtedness incurred at the last State fair, including the premiums taken by exhibitors. The payment will begin Dec. 22. The Secretary hopes to have all claims liquidated before the annual meeting, Jan. 2, so his report will show a "clean slate" to the delegate meeting.

CITY NEWS NOTES.

License was issued yesterday for the marriage of George Pfister and Mary Meeks. Horace McKay yesterday qualified as administrator of the estate of Marion M. Elliott and gave bond in the sum of \$5,000. A large section of the State Teachers' and College Association, which meets here Dec. 26, will have headquarters at the Denison Hotel.

Postmaster Thompson is again able ook after the affairs of his office. The Postmaster has been confined to his room for several days, enjoying a tussie with rheumatism and influenza.

GENERAL WEATHER BULLETIN.

Forecast for To-Day. WASHINGTON, Dec. 15 .- For Indiana-Light showers to-night and in the early morning; fair Saturday; cold wave; winds becoming northwesterly. For Illinois-Generally fair; cold wave;

northwesterly winds. For Ohio-Showers to-night and in the early morning; clearing Saturday afternoon; cold wave; southerly gales.

Local Observations.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 15. Time. | Bar. Ther. R. H. Wind. | Weather. | Prec. 7 A. M. 29.96 56 82 S'west, Hy. rain. 0.78 7 P. M. 29.58 60 | 75 | South, Lt. rain. | 0.08 Maximum temperature, 61; minimum temperture, 44. The following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation on

Excessor deficiency since Dec. 1 -100 Excess or deficiency since Jan. 1 -237 -4
Plus. C. F. R. WAPPENHANS, Local Forecast Official, United States Weather

Furious Snowstorm. ST. PAUL, Dec. 15.-It has been snowing furiously for twenty-four hours at Jamestown, N. D. Duluth reports the snow so heavy as to block all business. Two Injured in a Runaway.

In a runaway accident that occurred at the corner of Tennessee and Merrill streets yesterday afternoon, Peter Shath, of No. 55 South Illinois street, and Charles Mushing, living at No. 68 Kansas street, were injured. Shath suffered a broken leg which was cared for by Dr. Dale, of the city dis-

Another Fall in Temperature. The forecast officer of the local weather bureau at 10 o'clock last night received a message from the chief signal officer asnouncing the approach of a cold wave. It is expected that to-night will bring a fall of twenty degrees in temperature.

A Progressive City. OMAHA, Web., Dec. 15.-Omaha's telephone wires were to-day placed under-

For Coughs and Throat Disorders Use Brown's Bronchial Troches. "Have never changed my mind respecting them, except I think better of that which I began formation is to the effect that the practice | Beecher. Sold only in boxes.

FAVOR AN EARLY DAY

Many Republicans Want State Convention Held Before May.

A Strong Activity in the Competition for Places on the Winning Ticket-January Meetings.

Notwithstanding the fact that the election

is nearly a year removed the Republicans

of the State are already active and on the move in every section. Daily, prominent men are visiting the city and registering at headquarters for the purpose of meeting and discussing the outlook for Republican success in November. The opinion expressed is unanimous that the coming year is a Re-The session of the School Board, last publican one. The woods are already full of candidates, with a good prospect that sational features. In the absence of Presi- many more names will be announced bedent Frenzel, D. W. Coffin eccupied the fore convention day rolls around. The regchair. Superintendent Jones's report for | ister at the Denison indicates a journeying November showed average attendance 16,- in this direction of gentlemen prominent in 837, being 520 more than November, 1892; per | the councils of the party who are willing to sacrifice themselves to the party's call. Already the time for holding the convention is being discussed among the politicians. The compendium of opinion seems showed: Receipts, industrial fund, \$26,544.97; to favor an early convention. The prevailing expression is against a short canvass with its attendant brass bands. The fact that the party was always successful in past years when conventions were held as early as February is freely cited by those who are eager to have the convention called early. This argument is having its effect and the indications now point strong-ly to the convention being called probably as early as February, and certainly not later than the first of May. Heretofore many of the counties have selected delegates in mass convention. Next year this will not be the case in but few instances at least. The delegates will be selected by precincts, and at the January meeting of the State comittee the chairman will request county chairmen to select delegates at precinct meetings, when it is possible to make such arrangements. The precinct meetings will be called to meet Jan. 26. The coming meeting of the State committee promises to bring to this city a very large representation of the prominent Republicans of the State. Already rooms are being engaged at the hotels by men who will be here. The Denison is receiving such applications by every mail. Candidates for State offices and their friends will be here in force and the buttonholing will begin in earnest from that day forward till the convention day.

The Supreme Court Clerk. Entries in the race for Clerk of the Su preme Court are not lacking any more. R A. Black, of Greenfield, is the latest candidate for the Republican nomination. Mr. McClelland, of Danville, another aspirant for the same place, was in the city yester-day, taking a bird's eye view of the situa-

BANK INDICTMENTS.

Attorney Corr and Expert Hayes Revising the Documents.

Assistant District Attorney Corr returned from Fort Wayne yesterday afternoon, having concluded the prosecution of a number of minor federal cases. Immediately after the attorney's arrival at his office expert accountant Hayes appeared and the two repaired to a private office. The indictments in the bank cases were brought out and both officials went to work at once. It was stated that the indictments will be gotten ready for the signature of the foreman of the grand jury on Monday and the result of the jury's deliberations will be made known to the public by the middle of the week. All of the indictments have been carefully typewritten and the district attorney's stenographer is enjoying a needed vacation from the ardueus labor.

PERSONAL AND SOCIETY.

The Ormond Club gave their regular dance last evening at the Propylacum. Miss Alice Culbertson, of Madison, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. W. Harvey, on Talbott avenue Mrs. Q. Van Winkle and Miss Sarah Millard have been elected active members

Mr. and Mrs. George G. Tanner will go to Battle Creek, Mich., to spend the holidays with Mrs. Tanner's parents Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Lilley will go to Toledo, O., and Tecumseh, Mich., to spend the holidays with Mr. Lilley's parents.

of the Flower Mission.

to the Woman's Club,

who is visiting her mother, Mrs. C. P. Jacobs, and family, will return home Tues-Mrs. A. H. Snow gave a delightful luncheon yesterday to eight friends, at her

Mrs. George F. Seymour, of LaPorte,

pretty and artistic home on North Dela-The next play of the Dramatic Club will be given Wednesday evening, and will be repeated Thursday evening for the benefit

of the Industrial Union. T. W. Morrison and children, of Salt Lake City, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Coffin, on East Second street, and will remain several weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Horace Eddy will have house party for the holidays, which will include Mrs. Eddy, Miss Eddy of Louisville and Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Zook. Mr. and Mrs. Horatio N. Kelsey arrived last night from Chicago, and will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Bloomer, on North Pennsylvania street, tili after the holidays. Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Sewall entertained Miss Marlowe and Mrs. Woodward, with a few other friends, at luncheon yesterday, and afterward the ladies of the party went

Yesterday was the first guests' day which the Woman's Club has had for three years, and the privilege of inviting a guest was not neglected by the members. The east parlor of the Propylaeum was filled with an interested audience. The room committee, consisting of Mrs. Henry Coburn, Mrs. John E. Cleland and Mrs. George C. Hitt, had adorned the room with Bermuda lilies tastefully arranged, and just in front of the mantel was a long table laden with the club's beautiful Beleek China. Mrs. Holman presided. The papers of the after-noon were: "Richard Brinsley Sheridan," by Mrs. Katherine L. Dorsey, and "Three English Graces," by Mrs. O. H. Hasselman. The conversation on the subjects was led by Miss Catherine Merrill, and many of the members took part. After the literary exercises, light refreshments were served and a social hour was spent. The meeting was the last one of the year. Mrs. Charles P. Jacobs entertained about twenty-five guests yesterday afternoon for her daughter, Miss Harriet Jacobs who has recently returned from study in Germany. The guests were all Germanspeaking friends, and the conversation was that language. The refreshments were also peculiar to the vaterland. The gathering was a very pleasant one, and the friends enjoyed the treet of the conversation. In the evening Mrs. Jacobs gave a 7-o'clock tea for her daughters, Mrs. G. F. Seymour, of L. Porte, and Miss Jacobs. The guests were all seated at small tables and a supper of several courses was served The table decorations were of yellow and white chrysanthemums. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand Mayer, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Taylor, Miss Smith of Crawfordsville, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Snow, Miss Knippenberg, the Misses Nash, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Robbins, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schurmann, Mr. and Mrs. Enrique C. Miller, Miss Butler, Misses Mary and Leah Fletcher, Mr. S. A. Morrison, Dr. Pot-ter, Mr. Butler, Mr. Clarence Martindale, Mr. S. L. Look, Mr. Henry Price, and

DURHAM-WALTER. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., Dec. 15 .- Last evening George T. Durham and Miss Sarah E. Walter were united in marriage, Rev. G. W. Switzer, of Brazil, being the officiating clergyman. The attendants were Charley McIntyre and Miss Jessie Hornbeck. The bride wore a gown of creme fallie, trimmed in lace. Among the guests from abroad were Mrs. G. W. Switzer. of Brazil; J. W. Burnsand and wife, of Fort Wayne; P. O. Rudy and wife, of Paris, Ill.; Mrs. Firman James, of Russellville, and Miss Lena Tipton, of Mount Sterling,

others. After the tea there was music,

SWINEHART-HAWKS. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. GOSHEN, Ind., Dec. 15 .- Mr. M. Luther Swinehart and Miss Lois Bede Hawks were married this evening at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George D. Hawks, prominent society people of this

Smith Sisters' Concert. The next attraction in the Y. M. C. A. king well of."—Rev. Henry Ward day evening, Dec. 19, by the Ariel Ladies'

Weak and Poor

In flesh, had a cough all the time, and sometimes I could not lie down for I was so distressed, short of breath. I consulted seven physiclans, and the conclusion was that I certainly had

Consumption and my case was hopeless. One physician advised me to go either south or to Colorado, as
I could not live in the
north. My husband was
Mrs.F.O.Stone in the drug business and American sold out to go away, but a friend advised me to take Hoed's Sarsaparilla. I did so and

Hood's spirile Cures

have improved rapidly in health ever since I began with it, and am now able to do my own work. I feel like a new person." Mrs. F. O. STONE, Geneva, Ohio. Hood's Pills cure constipation. 25c.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

INDUSTRIAL TRAINING SCHOOL. Parties wishing to submit proposals for the erection of the new Industrial Training School Building in Indianapolis, Indiana, will please apply at the office of the Public Schools before the 20th inst. for circular containing full particulars as to the drawings and specifications for the work, the form of proposal and the time for submitting the same. J. P. FRENZEL,
JNO. B. CONNER,
JACOB W. LOEPER,
Committee on Manual Training.

Sextet, an organization composed of the six Smith sisters and a pianist. All of the sisters are good singers, two of them being soloists. One of the sisters, Marguerite, is also a reader of unusual ability. The best test of their popularity is the fact that upon the patrons of last year's course being requested to select a company for re-engage-ment for the course of 1893-94, the Ariels won, defeating such well-known organiza-tions as the Ovide Musin company and the Schubert Male Quartet. Owing to their popularity with the members of the associa-tion and season-ticket holders but seventyfive single admissions can be sold. Seats may now be reserved.

NEW RULE PASSED.

Live Stock Exchange Changes Its Selling Methods-Buyers Indignant.

A right pretty fight is brewing at the stock yards. It seems that some of the buyers for Eastern houses have been buying hogs with the understanding that "roughs". should be taken out, while packers have been buying with the understanding that "pigs" (hogs weighing 130 or under) be taken out. On Thursday the Indiana Live Stock Exchange, composed of about a dozen commission (selling) houses, met, and after a long and lively debate passed a resolution that, after Monday next, they would do no more sorting, except as to "pigs," that is whatever "roughs" happen to be in a lot purchased must go along with the lot, but 'pigs' will be taken out for those objecting to them.

Mr. R. R. Shiel, one of the largest buyers, was seen, last night, and asked what the effect of this new rule would be on the market. "It will drive out the order trade," said he, "and leave the market solely in the hands of the packers. Our orders call for certain weights and kinds of hogs and this resolution says they will not sell anything to me unless I take all they've got. The way hogs usually come in, they'll run from three to five mean, rough stags of piggy sows to a deck, the kind of a hog that I have no trade for and cannot dispose of. I have not bought a rough hog in years." "Do you Eastern buyers propose to quit business or retaliate?" "The result will be that it will compel us to begin selling hogs, receiving them from country shippers. This is the first exchange in the country that ever passed such

nati and Louisville all dealers on the exchanges both buy and sell, and a number of sales firms in Chicago and St. Louis do both buying and selling, and I suppose I'll have to do the same.' "What was the cause of this new move?" "It makes much less work for the selling houses and more work for the buyers. When they can sell a load straight and drive it to the scales it is much easier than taking it to the sorting pens and sorting out the 'roughs.' It seems very unfair on their part as they have been getting \$10 for selling a double deck and \$6 for a single

a resolution. In Buffalo, Pittsburg, Cincin-

has only been getting \$6 a double deck and \$4 a single deck." COAL FOR THE UNEMPLOYED.

deck, while the buyer, doing more work

Generous Gift of the Linton Miners-Cases of Distress Reported.

Some time ago the miners employed by the Linton Coal Company, of Linton, Ind. proposed to donate one day's work to re lieve the distress among the poor in this city provided the company would donate the coal and the railway companies the freight for its transportation. The special committee appointed by President Lilly. of the Commercial Club, to look after the matter reported yesterday that all of the conditions had been complied with and the matter arranged. The coal, thirty carloads, containing 640 tons, will be shipped immediately.

The bureau for the unemployed reports many eases of distress coming to its notice daily. One particularly sad case was reported yesterday, that of a family of five without money or provisions, the head of the household out of work and a young girl seventeen years old lying in the house dead from consumption. As soon as the case was reported the Flower Mission took the matter in hand and attended to all the wants of the family, furnishing funds for the burial of the dead girl Many unemployed teamsters are registering daily, and the bureau requests parties wanting teams to make it known and they will be supplied.

MR. GALLUP'S FUNERAL.

All the Banks Closed During Time of the Services.

Funeral services over the remains of Wm. P. Gallup were held at his late residence, on North Tennessee street yesterday afternoon. Many beautiful floral tributes were sent by friends. The parlor where the remains lay was decorated with mourning emblems consisting of cut flowers and ivy. A large number of men who were assoclated with Mr. Gallup in business and his near relatives were present and listened to the services which were conducted by Revs. Frederic E. Dewhurst and N. A. Hyde. The service was short and impressive At its conclusion the funeral cortege wended its way to the Union Station, attended by the honorary rallbearers, Messrs. V. T. Malott, George B. Yandes, John P. Frenzel, Allen M. Fletcher, Albert Kopp, Rufus K. Syfers, L. W. Fletcher, George K. Share and Emil Wetzel. The body was shipped to Lebanon, N. H.

and was accompanied on its journey by Mr. Gallup's brothers, Benjamin and Edward Gallup. All the banks suspended business between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock during the afternoon, out of respect for the mem-ory of the dead man.

Lovely Diamond Earrings at Marcy's. Marcy's jewelry store is 38 West Washington street, next to Lee's tea store.

I am seventy-seven year ann and have had my age renewed at least twenty years by the use of Swift's Specific. My foot and ler to my knee was a running sore for two years, and physicians said it could not be cured. After taking fifteen small bottles S. S. S. there is not a sore on my limbs, and I have a new lease on Ife. You ought to let all sufferers know of your wonderful remedy. IRA F. STILES, Palmer, Kansas City.

IS A WONDERFUL REMEDY—especially for old people. It builds up the general health. Treat-

SWIFT SPCIFIC COMPANY.

Two-ounce bottles, quadruple extract,

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EXTRACTS

Model Bouquet. Mai Belles. English Violet. White Rose. Jockey Club. White Heliotrope. Marie Stuart. White Lilac. Lily of the Valley.

Crab Apple Blossom.

W OMEN coming into the ownership of property, having had no experience making or managing it, often require the services of an agent to look after it. Investments must be made or changed, propositions examined and sifted and numerous difficulties must be solved. In the choice of such an agent there are several essential qualifications, such as character, experience, ability and good udgment. These are more likely to be found in a Trust Company, which must also be financially responsible and subject to State supervision, than in an individual, and combined with them is permanence, which no individual can be sure of The Union Trust Company offers its services as an agent or trustee in all matters of business and solicits interviews with any one interested. Our charges will be moderate and advice will be given free.

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